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Week 03 for SOWK 581

- ***** Overview of the clinical interview process
- * What happens in the beginning stage of treatment
- ***** Transference and countertransference
- ***** Practice exercise with motivational interviewing
- *** Middle and end of treatment**

- Define the concepts of transference and countertransference.
- Understand the stages of change model of treatment.
- Explain some of the considerations in the different phases of the treatment process.
- Experience a conversation that is not motivational interviewing and one that is more in line with motivational interviewing.
- Develop insight into your own intersectionality.

OVERVIEW OF CLINICAL INTERVIEW PROCESS

The **Beginning of** Treatment

Pre-contemplation Contemplation*

TRANSTHEORETICAL MODEL: THE STAGES OF CHANGE

The Middle of Treatment

Contemplation Preparation

Action

The Ending of Treatment

Maintenance **Termination**

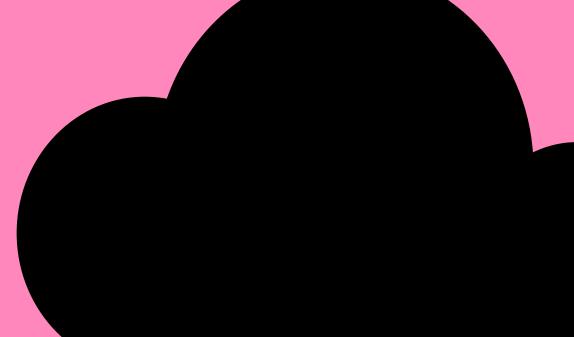
(Cooper & Granucci Lesser, 2022 p. 19)



RFGINNIG STAGES OF TREATMENT











STAGESOF

The first meeting Confidentiality Introductions

Answering personal questions

Self-Awareness

Self-awareness is an umbrella term. Within the context of the clinical interview, we relate self awareness to an understanding of the multiple dimensions of the worker's identity and how that interacts with the multiple dimensions of the client's identity.

(Cooper & Granucci Lesser, 2022 p. 19)

THERAPEUTIC RELATIONSHIP

Beginning

Middle

End



TRANSFERENCE

A client's transferential responses may be evoked by the therapist.

(Cooper & Granucci Lesser, 2022 p. 22)

COUNTERTRANSFERENCE/ INTERSUBJECTIVITY

Considered to be both the result of the therapist's unconscious processes and an appropriate reaction by the therapist to the patient. It is a reciprocal influence of the conscious and unconscious subjectivities in the therapeutic relationship.

PERSUASION (Miller & Moyers, 2020)

Instructions for Speaker

Share about a change that you are considering, something you are thinking about changing in your life, but have not definitely decided. It will be something you feel two ways about. It might be a change that would be "good for you," that you "should" make for some reason, but haven't done yet.

Instructions for Helper

Your task is to try as hard as you can to convince and persuade the Speaker to make the change that he or she is considering. Specifically, once you find out what the change is that the person is considering, do these five things:

1. Explain why the person should make this change.

2. Give at least three specific benefits that could result from making the change.

3. Tell the person how they could make the change.

4. Emphasize how important it is for them to make the change. This might include the negative

consequences of not doing it.

5. Tell/persuade the person to do it.

And if you encounter resistance, repeat the above, perhaps more emphatically.







A TASTE OF ΜΟΤΙΥΑΤΙΝΝΑΙ INTERVIEWIN (Miller & Moyers, 2020)

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Instructions for Helper

- number or 0?]
- question:
- the answer.

Don't try to persuade or fix anything. Don't offer advice. Instead ask these four questions one at a time, and listen carefully to what the person says:

1. Why would you want to make this change?

2. If you did decide to make this change, how might you go about it in order to succeed?

3. What are the three best reasons for you to do it?

4. How important would you say it is for you to make this change, on a scale from 0 to 10, where 0 is not at all important, and 10 is extremely important? [Follow-up question: And why are you at _____ rather than a lower

After you have listened carefully to the answers to these questions, give back a short summary of what you heard, of the person's motivations for change. Then ask one more

5. So what do you think you'll do? and listen with interest to







1. OPEN-ENDED QUESTIONS 2. PERSONAL AFFIRMATIONS 3. LISTEN & ENGAGE IN REFLECTIONS 4. PROVIDE SUMMARIES

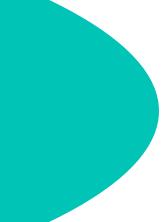
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THE MIDDLE STAGE OF TREATMENT

It is important to remember that what is crucial during this stage of therapy is that the client experience safety within the therapeutic relationship so as to be able to overcome the anxiety associated with change and take the necessary steps toward mastery.

(Cooper & Granucci Lesser, 2022 p. 29)



Ends without plan In long-term treatment, termination is not necessarily agreed on beforehand but is an outgrowth of the therapeutic process that has reached an end.

(Cooper & Granucci Lesser, 2022 p. 31)

